

2026 年度
賢明学院高等学校
入学試験

2026. 2. 10 実施

英 語

(50 分)

- ・問題は2ページから始まります。
- ・答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること。
- ・問題用紙・解答用紙ともに受験番号を記入すること。

受 験 番 号

1 各文の空欄に入る語句として最も適切なものをそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

(1) We [] each other for more than five years.

ア knew イ have known ウ are knowing エ have been knowing

(2) You often wear that sweater. Do you like []?

ア it イ one ウ its エ ones

(3) The roof of the school was covered [] snow yesterday.

ア at イ of ウ on エ with

(4) I'm poor [] Japanese food.

ア in cooking イ at cooking ウ in to cook エ at to cook

(5) This shirt is a little small for me. Can I try []?

ア each イ both ウ another エ other

2 各組の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるよう、空欄に適語を入れなさい。

(1) A year has twelve months.

[] [] twelve months in a year.

(2) We enjoyed the concert tonight.

We [] a good [] at the concert tonight.

(3) My father is an English teacher. My mother teaches English, too.

Both of my [] [] English teachers.

(4) They have no food in the bags.

They don't have [] [] eat in the bags.

(5) Our teacher left the room. She didn't tell us the date of the exam.

Our teacher left the room [] [] us the date of the exam.

3 各日本語の意味を表す英文になるよう、語句を並べ替えなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示しています。

(1) 岡本先生と話している女性は私の母です。

[Mr. Okamoto / the woman / is / talking / my mother / with].

(2) ヨシはクラスで一番足が速いです。

Yoshi [in / runs / class / fastest / his / the].

(3) あれは私が生まれた街です。

That is [the / was / city / that / born / I] in.

(4) 私はどちらのコートを買うべきか決められません。

[decide / can't / buy / coat / to / which / I].

(5) 何かいいことがありましたか。

[you / happen / did / anything / to / good]?

4 会話文を読み、流れに合うよう (①) ~ (⑦) に入れるのに最も適切な文をア～キの中から1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。ただし、同じ記号を2度用いてはいけません。また、文頭に来る語も小文字で示しています。

Jack: Excuse me, do you speak English?

Mio: Yes, but only a little. (①)

Jack: Oh, I'm very glad you can speak English. I'm going to visit The Expo, but I don't know where it is. (②)

Mio: Well, take the Loop Line first, and get off at Nishikujo Station to change trains.

Then take the Chuo Line.

Jack: OK, but which train shall I take at Nishikujo? (③)

Mio: The one for Yumeshima. Get off at Yumeshima Station. From the station, you can walk to The Expo and arrive there in two minutes.

Jack: How many stations are there from here to Nishikujo?

Mio: (④) So it will take seven minutes to get there.

Jack: (⑤) Then I can reach The Expo in 30 minutes, can't I?

Mio: (⑥) And don't forget that you need about three minutes to change trains.

(⑦) Good luck!

Jack: Thank you again. Take care!

- ア How can I get there?
- イ How can I help you?
- ウ Thank you very much.
- エ Oh, my train for Tennoji is coming.
- オ Shall I take the train for Yumeshima or the train for Ikoma?
- カ This map shows there are two.
- キ Sure, if you don't take a wrong train at Nishikujo.

5 次の英文を読み、後の各問いに答えなさい。なお、*のついている語には注釈がある。

Since 2024, the price of rice in Japan has risen greatly, and this change has surprised many people. Around February 2024, the price of a 5-kilogram bag of rice was about 2,000 yen. This was reasonable for most families. However, in 2025, the price rose to about 4,000 yen. This is double the earlier price. This rise in cost has been bad news for families that eat rice every day. (A), the price is now much higher than the price in other countries, such as South Korea. People there can still buy rice more cheaply.

Some people in Japan want to buy cheaper rice from other countries. If this rice were easy to get, there would be no problem. However, Japanese rice is protected by tariffs*. A tariff is a tax on imported goods. When a company imports* rice, it must pay some money to the Japanese government. Then, the company adds this cost to the price of the rice sold in stores. If the tariff is high, the price of imported rice becomes so expensive that people do not want to buy it. This means that fewer companies are importing rice, and Japanese rice farmers are protected.

The tariff on rice in Japan is about 341 yen for 1 kilogram. When Japanese rice cost around 2,000 yen for 5 kilograms, there was almost no imported rice on the market. The tariffs were just too high, so companies could not sell the foreign rice at a lower price than the Japanese rice. But the price of Japanese rice went up, and things began to change. Cheaper rice from overseas started to appear in stores, and more people began to think about buying it. (B), rice from countries such as the United States and Thailand is sometimes sold at a lower price. Therefore, this has attracted many people who wanted to buy rice made in Japan.

At the same time, the United States has been asking Japan to make the tariffs lower for rice and

other farm products. America wants Japan to import more food that is made in the U.S., because this would be good for American farmers and food companies. If Japan agrees and begins to import more rice from overseas, Japanese people will be able to buy rice at a lower price. It can make life easier for many families. (C), if the amount of* imported foreign rice increases too much, the number of Japanese farmers may decrease because they will not be able to win. This is a very difficult problem, because rice is not only food but also a special part of Japanese culture. Many people in Japan feel that protecting rice farming means protecting their way of life.

*tariff(s) : 関税

*import : を輸入する

*the amount of : の量

(1) (A) ~ (C) に入る語句として最も適切なものをそれぞれア～エから 1 つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|
| (A) | ア At least | イ In the future | ウ In fact | エ By the way |
| (B) | ア However | イ Additionally | ウ So | エ For example |
| (C) | ア In other words | イ For that reason | | |
| | ウ Then | エ On the other hand | | |

(2) 下線部 This の指す内容を日本語で答えなさい。

(3) 本文の内容に合うものには○を、合っていないものには×を答えなさい。

- ア Thai people get rice cheaper than Koreans.
- イ Many Japanese think that they cannot keep their culture without rice farming.
- ウ More people in the U.S. agreed to eat rice in their daily lives.
- エ Today, we can buy Japanese rice at 341 yen for 1 kg.
- オ The price of Japanese rice is about twice as high as the price in 2024.

(4) 英文のタイトルとして最も適切なものをア～エから 1 つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- ア The Problem of Japanese Traditional Food
- イ The Way of Importing Rice
- ウ Cheaper Rice in the U.S.
- エ A Tax on Imported Goods

⑥ 次の英文を読み、後に続く問の答えとしてふさわしい英文をア～エからそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。なお*のついている語には注釈がある。

Gorillas are very large and strong animals. They look dangerous, but they can be very kind. They help other gorillas when they are hurt or sad. Sometimes they even help humans. One gorilla that helped a human was Binti Jua. Binti was born in Ohio in 1988. In 1991, she was moved to live with other gorillas at the Brookfield Zoo, near Chicago. In 1995, when Binti was seven, she had her first baby, Koola.

On August 16, 1996, a three-year-old boy was visiting the zoo with his parents. The boy was looking at the gorillas. There was a wall around the gorilla area, but the boy climbed the wall. Then he fell six meters to the hard ground. The boy was hurt and could not get up. Binti went over to the boy. The people watching them were worried. They thought that Binti would hurt the boy.

Binti growled* when another gorilla came near the boy. The other gorillas tried to touch him, but Binti stopped them. She picked the boy up and carried him to a door 18 meters away. The zoo workers could reach the boy easily from there. The boy was taken to the hospital, and he got better a few days later.

Binti became famous for saving the boy. Newspapers around the world wrote stories about her. Everyone called her a hero. She still lives at the Brookfield Zoo with Koola and her second baby, Bakari. Many people come to the zoo just to see Binti Jua, the famous gorilla hero.

* growl : (グルル…)と うなる

(1) When was Binti Jua's first baby born?

- ア In 1988. イ In 1991. ウ In 1995. エ In 1996.

(2) When was the boy hurt?

- ア When he was hit by a gorilla. イ When he fell from a wall.
ウ When he was caught in a door. エ When he gave food to a gorilla.

(3) Why were the people worried?

- ア They thought Binti Jua would hurt the boy.
イ They thought the other gorillas would take the boy.
ウ They thought the boy would scare the baby gorilla.
エ They thought Binti Jua would fight with the other gorillas.

(4) What did Binti Jua do?

- ア She got angry at the zoo workers. イ She brought the boy to the other gorillas.
ウ She gave the boy some water. エ She took the boy to a safe place.

(5) What is this story about?

- ア How wild gorillas protect their babies. イ The first gorilla at the Brookfield Zoo.
ウ A gorilla that saved a child. エ How zoo workers train baby gorillas.

フ 次の英語の質問に対する自分の意見を25~30語程度の英文で答えなさい。なお、理由は2つ述べる。ただし、カンマ(,)やピリオド(.)のような記号は語数に数えないものとする。

Do you think it is important to eat breakfast every day?