## 2020年度

# 賢明学院高等学校 入学試験

2020.2.10実施

英 語

(50分)

・答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること。

受 験 番 号

で答えなさい。			
(1) My name is Masay	roshi, so my friends [	] me Masa.	
ア tell	イ say	ウ call	エ speak
	_		
(2) I lost my smartpho	one, so I'm going to buy [	].	
$\mathcal{T}$ the one		ウ it	エ one
(3) My cat was [	] a next-door neighbor v	vhile I was out	
		viiio i was out.	
ア taken care	√ taken care of		
ウ taken care by	工 taken care of by		
(4) [ ] you read	the story before?		
7 Have	√ Will	ウ Can	エ Do
		,	
(5) A: It's really cold in	n this room!		
B: I don't think the	e air conditioner is workir	ng.	
A: Would you mind	d closing the window?		
B: [ ]			
7 Yes, please.	イ Not at all.	ウ Yes, let's.	エ That's right.

1. 各文の空欄に入れるのに最も適切な語句をア~エの中からそれぞれ1つずつ選び、記号

(1)	The police officer was so kind that he took me to the station.				
	The police officer was kind [ ][ ] take me to the station.				
(2)	He watched TV and then went to bed.				
	He went to bed [ ] TV.				
(3)	I learned to play the piano at the age of ten.				
	I learned to play the piano [ ] I [ ] ten years old.				
(4)	Do you want me to open the curtains?				
	[ ] open the curtains?				
(5)	Question 4 is more difficult than Question 1.				
	Question 1 is [ ] Question 4.				

2. 次の各文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空欄に入る最も適切な語を答えなさい。

- **3** 日本語と同じ意味の英文になるように、カッコ内の語句を並べ替えて正しい英文に直しなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で示している。
  - (1) 何か冷たい飲み物をいただけますか。

[I / cold / drink / something / to / have / may]?

(2) 早く元気になるといいね。

[you / hope / well / get / I / will] soon.

(3) 車でそこに行くのは一番速い方法ではない。

[not / by / there / going / the fastest / way / car / is].

(4) 航空便でいくらかかるでしょうか。

[by / how / cost / it / does / air mail / much]?

(5) 私たちの学校は町を見下ろす丘の上にあります。

[school / the hill / on / stands / looking / our] down on the town.

**4** . 会話文を読み,流れに合うよう(1)~(7)に入れるのに最も適切な文を下のア~ キの中から1つずつ選び,記号で答えなさい。なお、\*のついている語には注釈がある。

<Situation> Brian is visiting a hospital because he has some pain in his ankle.

Doctor: Next, please.

Brian: Hello, my name is Brian White.

Doctor: Hi, take a seat, Brian.

Brian: Thanks.

Doctor: ( 1 )

Brian: Well, I \*sprained my ankle when I was on vacation last year.

Doctor: (2)

*Brian:* I was coming out of a store and I slipped on the floor.

Doctor: Really? (3)

Brian: Well, it happened five months ago, but my ankle started hurting again.

Doctor: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that. (4)

*Brian:* When I was carrying a heavy box up the stairs a couple of days ago.

Doctor: Let's see... it doesn't look good. You should get an X-ray, then I can find out what we can do to finally help you.

Brian: That sounds good. (5)

Doctor: I don't have any other appointments, so we can do it today.

Brian: Thank you very much. (6)

Doctor: It depends, but it won't take that long. Are you free in the afternoon?

Brian: Yes. I don't feel like doing anything anyway because of the pain.

Doctor: I see. (7)

注 \*sprain:をくじく

- \( \mathcal{T}\) When did it start hurting again?
- ✓ What can I do for you today?
- ウ How did you do that?
- 工 Let's start then.
- オ How long will it take to finish it?
- カ That's too bad.
- ≠ Can you do it today?

Humans have always been interested in finding a place to live in space. We first went to the Moon more than 50 years ago. Since then, we have sent spaceships to \*Pluto and other planets. However, scientists in many countries are still very interested in the Moon. We may need to live there someday. In fact, the U.S, Russia, and China have shown interest in building ①bases on the Moon.

Japan's space program is also interested in the Moon. \*JAXA \*launched the \*lunar explorer on September 14th, 2007. It was known as "Kaguya" in Japanese. JAXA wanted to learn more about the Moon's history. It also wanted to study the Moon so that humans could go there in the future.

The Kaguya Mission ended in 2009, but scientists are still studying the data that it collected. In October 2017, the research team made an \*amazing discovery from this data. They found ②a large hole under the Moon's \*surface. The hole at the top is about 50 meters, but the inside is about 100 meters wide and about 50 kilometers long. JAXA believes there may be ice or water deep inside the tube.

This large hole is an important \*finding for the future. The Moon's environment is very different from the Earth's. It does not have air, so its temperature changes very much. It can go from over 100°C in the daytime to about minus 200°C at night. ③If humans want to live on the Moon, they will have to make a safe place. The large hole that JAXA found might be a good place to start building a \*colony.

"It is important for us to know about these places," said Junichi Haruyama, a senior researcher at JAXA. He thinks that the Moon has many \*valuable resources for humans to study. Therefore humans still have a lot of things to learn before we can live on the moon.

注 Pluto: 冥王星 JAXA: ジャクサ (宇宙航空研究開発機構)

launch:を打ち上げる lunar explorer:月探査機

amazing discovery: 驚くべき発見 surface: 表面 finding: 研究結果 colony: 居留地

valuable resources: 貴重な資源

(1) 下線部①の意味として最も適切なものを以下の中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

ア根拠イ底ウ基地エ土台

(2) 下線部②a large hole を本文の内容に従って日本語で具体的に説明しなさい。

- (3) 筆者が下線部③のように述べている理由を、本文の内容に従って日本語で説明しなさい。
- (4) 次の問いに対する答えとして最も適切な文をア〜エから1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

Why did JAXA launch the mission?

- 7 Because JAXA was known in Japan.
- ✓ Because JAXA wanted to find a large hole.
- ウ Because JAXA found that the Moon has no air.
- ☐ Because JAXA wanted to study the Moon.
- (5) 本文の内容に合うものには○、そうでないものには×と答えなさい。
  - 7 Scientists thought that studying the Moon was needed in order to study Pluto.
  - ✓ Scientists are still continuing their research even after the Kaguya mission ended.
  - ウ The goal of the Kaguya mission was to research the large hole that scientists found.
  - The temperature in the large hole was higher than in other places on the Moon.
- (6) この英文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。
  - ア Living on the Moon
  - イ Kaguya's Dream
  - ウ The Moon's History
  - ☐ The Temperature of the Moon

**6**. 次の英文を読み、各問いの答えとしてふさわしい英文をア〜エの中から1つずつ選び、

記号で答えなさい。なお、\*のついている語(句)には注釈がある。

Meg is one of my friends. She is from Taiwan. She has lived in Japan for about three

She is still only sixteen years old, but she has already mastered three languages.

She understands my Japanese well. How did she learn so many languages? I asked her

to tell me the secret.

She said she began studying English when she was three years old. She learned

English by using \*materials that she was interested in. She listened to a lot of English

music and watched a lot of cartoons in English. So she was able to enjoy learning English.

I listened to her and thought, "This is very different from Japanese students. I think

most of us don't learn foreign languages that way. We often begin studying a language by

reading only textbooks. And we often study only for tests or examinations. When we take

a foreign language as a school subject, we \*no longer enjoy it."

I think we should give up the idea of "studying" foreign languages. When we start to

learn, we should choose interesting materials on our own. We should just enjoy foreign

languages. What do you think about this?

注 material: 教材

no longer ~: もはや~ない

-8-

#### (1) Which is **NOT** true about Meg?

- She comes from Taiwan.
- ✓ She has lived in Japan for about three years.
- ウ She can understand three languages very well.
- □ She began studying English when she was sixteen.

#### (2) How did Meg learn English?

- 7 By watching cartoons in English.
- ✓ By reading and writing English a lot.
- ウ By talking with native English speakers.

#### (3) How did she feel when Meg studied English?

- ア She was bored.
- ✓ She was worried about exams.
- ウ She was happy.

### (4) What is the most important when we learn foreign languages?

- Y We should try to understand foreign people.
- ✓ We should try to study foreign languages by using a lot of materials.
- ウ We should try to think more about textbooks and tests.
- ☐ We should try to enjoy studying foreign languages.

- 7. 次の英語の質問を読み、30 語程度の英語で答えなさい。なお、理由については、2つ以上述べること。ただし、ピリオド(.) やカンマ(,) のような記号は語数に数えない。
  - Q. In Japan, we have a lot of places which have beautiful nature. Do you want to go to such places?